

Case Report

Angel Aligner PRO: Correction of a class II malocclusion with upper distalization using the A8 protocol and asymmetric virtual jump



Dr. Romina Vignolo Lobato
Orthodontist

No need to hide your smile
Angel Aligner is here



Angel Aligner Pro: A Dual Modality Clear Aligner Solution

Introduction

Angel Aligner Pro is an innovative clear aligner system utilizing masterForce technology, designed for efficient and predictable orthodontic treatment. It employs a dual-modality system, using two aligner materials—masterControlS and masterControl—in a “7+3” wear cycle per stage, improving efficiency and reducing overall treatment time.

Challenges in Clear Aligner Treatment

Historically, aligner therapy has faced limitations in complex movements such as:

- Deep bite correction
- Torque control
- Mesialization and root control
- Bodily movement on Mesio-angular tipping of molar
- Occlusal plane levelling

These limitations arise due to the flexible nature of aligners, leading to poor root control, loss of anchorage, and tipping effects.

Aligners generate forces that move teeth by attempting to return to their original shape. However, a single-material aligner struggles to balance force application, leading to unwanted movement patterns.

The Dual Modality Advantage

Angel Aligner Pro combines flexible and stiff materials, drawing inspiration from fixed orthodontics:

- Flexible materials (masterControlS): Provide elasticity, comfort, and ease of insertion but have poor spring-back, leading to tipping effects.
- Stiff materials (masterControl): Offer better root control, torque control, and structural recovery, but may be less forgiving for off-track teeth.

The “7+3” wear cycle balances and optimises these material properties:

- 7 days of masterControlS for initial tipping and movement
- 3 days of masterControl for root control and torque expression

Clinical Advantages of Angel Aligner Pro

- Better comfort & control: Dual materials ensure precise and predictable movements.
- Increased treatment efficiency: Reduces treatment time by optimizing tooth movement predictability.
- Enhanced complex movement capabilities: Supports bodily movement, root torque control, and occlusal levelling.
- Durable & stain-resistant materials: Engineered for long-term performance.

Conclusion

Angel Aligner Pro enhances the efficacy of clear aligner therapy by integrating dual-modality material science with real-world orthodontic principles. This approach improves treatment predictability, efficiency, and patient experience, making it a superior option for complex orthodontic cases.

- Section
- Product
- Malocclusion
- Protocols and features

Class II division 1 malocclusion
Pro
Skeletal Class II, Molar and Canine Class II
A8 Molar distalization



BIO Dr. Romina Vignolo Lobato

Dr. Romina Vignolo Lobato obtained her Dentistry degree from Complutense University of Madrid and her Master's in Orthodontics and Dentomaxillary Orthopedics from Southern Mississippi University. Additionally, she has completed specialized training in areas such as Posturology and Podoposturology at the University of Barcelona, and Orthognathic Surgery at Alcalá de Henares University and Ramón y Cajal Hospital. Dr. Vignolo Lobato is also certified in Clinical Dental Care for Disabled Children by Complutense University of Madrid and is a specialist in Occlusion, Dysfunction, and Oral Rehabilitation, certified by the San Pablo CEU University Foundation in Madrid. Since 2006, she has taught in Postgraduate Orthodontics Programs at prestigious universities such as Alfonso X el Sabio University, European University, and San Pablo CEU University. She is an active member of several professional organizations, including SEDO, EAS, and EOS, where she stays updated with the latest innovative orthodontic techniques. Dr. Vignolo Lobato is a pioneer in early treatment and the use of aligners in children and adolescents. She regularly shares her knowledge and experience through courses and conferences, both nationally and internationally. Currently, she serves as the Director of the Expert Program in Neuro-Occlusal Rehabilitation, Minimal Intervention Orthodontics, and Aligners in Growing Patients at Southern Mississippi University - Madrid. In this role, she leads the development and implementation of innovative treatment strategies, focusing on minimal intervention orthodontics and the use of aligners for growing patients, always ensuring clinical and educational excellence.

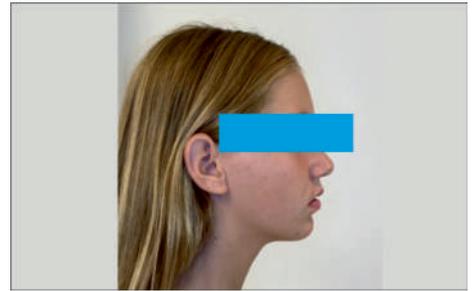
Patient introduction

- Age
- Gender
- Patient initials
- Treatment time
- Number of aligners
- Chief complaint**

12
Female
CGR
11 months
30

We present the case of a 12-year-old female patient who came for an orthodontic evaluation, motivated by a family history of treatment. Clinical and radiographic analysis revealed a skeletal Class II malocclusion with molar and canine relationships also in Class II, moderate crowding in both arches, a deviation of the dental midline, and ectopic eruption of tooth 13. No functional issues with breathing or swallowing were observed, and oral health was generally good. A slight mandibular retrusion was noted in the soft tissue profile. A treatment plan was proposed using the Angel Aligner Pro system, aiming to correct dental misalignments and improve facial harmony through a minimally invasive, growth-adapted approach.

Initial Photos
and datas



Measurement	Normal	Value
FMIA(L) FH	54.9 ± 6.1	57.35
FMIA(R) MP	31.3 ± 5.0	24.16 ↓
IMPA(L) MP	93.9 ± 6.2	98.49
INA	82.3 ± 3.5	81.47
INB	77.6 ± 2.9	77.65
ANB	4.7 ± 1.4	3.82
AO BO(Wilsons)	1.4 ± 2.6	2.33 ↑
OP Angle(OP FH)	10.0 ± 2.0	6.09 ↓
Z-Angle	75.0 ± 5.0	74.33
AFH(mm)	64.0 ± 6.0	58.39 ↓
PFH(mm)	47.0 ± 0.0	40.59 ↓
PFH(AFH%)	70.0 ± 5.0	69.52

Clinical examination and diagnosis

- Woman ; 12/3 years
- Skeletal Class II
- Molar and canine Class II
- Upper and lower dentoalveolar compression
- Increased overjet and overbite
- Upper midline deviated 0,5 mm to the right
- Moderate upper and lower crowding

Treatment plan

We approached the case by combining upper distalization using the A8 protocol with an asymmetric virtual jump. In this way, we solved the crowding without proinclining the incisors and improved the anteroposterior relationship through the use of elastics. In the lower arch, we carry out a development of the posterior sectors prior to the resolution of the crowding, in order to avoid

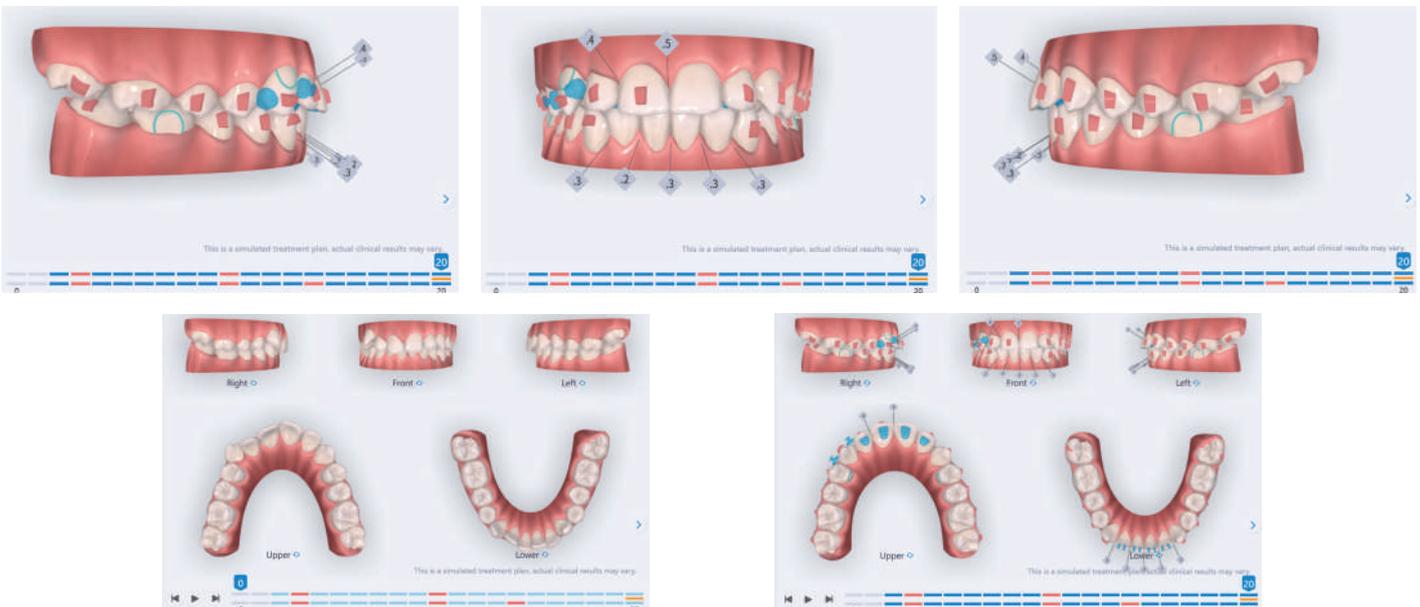
roundtripping and excessive IPR of the incisors. To achieve an effective extrusion and distalization of 13, we combine the use of direct bonding button on vestibular of 13, with angelButton elastics mesial and distal to the canine. These mechanics help to ensure that the extrusion is real and that the aligner always remains adapted.

Treatment details

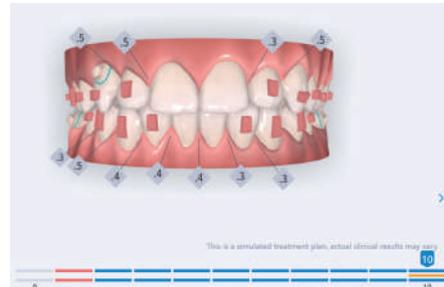
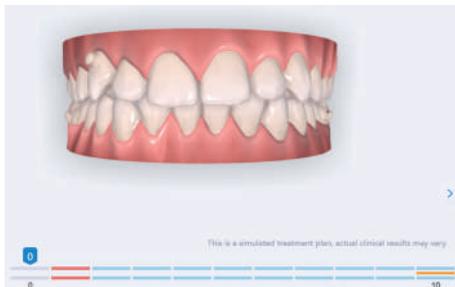
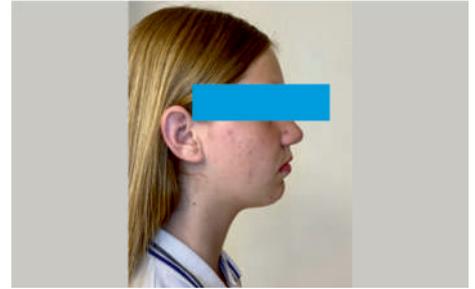
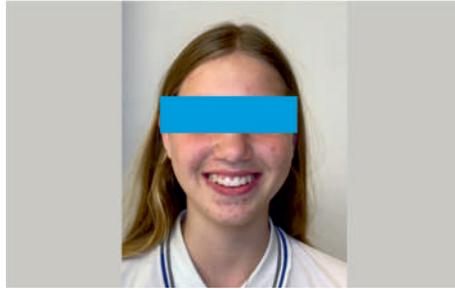
In the upper arch, the main goal will be to correct the Class II malocclusion by distalizing the upper posterior teeth in order to resolve crowding without proinclining the incisors. This movement will be accompanied by an asymmetric "bite jump" of 1 mm, which will help improve the skeletal Class II discrepancy, promoting mandibular projection, especially considering that the patient is still in the growth phase. Additionally, bilateral and symmetric expansion will be planned until a torque of 0° is achieved, allowing for proper transverse alignment and greater stability of the final result. Lingual button cutouts will be placed on teeth 14 and 24 to facilitate the required movements. To optimize control and retention, vertical mesial beveled attachments, as large as possible, will be placed on the premolars and molars, as well as on teeth 12 and 22, reinforcing the mechanics in the anterior sector. The inclination of

the central incisors 11 and 21 will be corrected according to the visual reference provided in the clinical image. Furthermore, it will be necessary to center the upper midline by shifting it 0.5 mm to the left to achieve greater aesthetic symmetry. As for the lower arch, treatment will begin with a phase of expansion and derotation of the posterior teeth, which will set the stage for subsequent movements in the anterior sector. Once this goal is achieved, alignment of the teeth from canine to canine will proceed, aiming to minimize anterior interproximal reduction (IPR) and avoid unnecessary roundtripping movements of the incisors. Vestibular button cutouts will be made on teeth 36 and 46, while teeth 37 and 47 will have horizontal attachments that will serve as anchorage to ensure stability during treatment.

Treatment setup



Treatment progress



Treatment results

Before treatment



After treatment



Before treatment



After treatment



Before treatment



After treatment



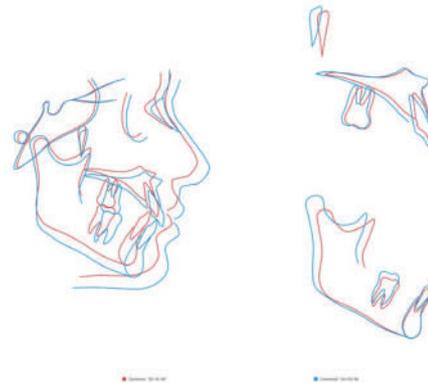
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Treatment results

Before treatment



After treatment



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FMA(FH-MP)	31.3±5.0	21.74 ↓
IMPA(L1-MP)	93.9±6.2	97.28
SNA	82.8±4.0	80.3
SNB	80.1±3.9	77.33
ANB	2.7±2.0	2.96
AO-BQ(Witsmm)	-1.0±2.8	0.95
OP-Angle(OP-FH)	10.0±2.0	7.61 ↓
Z-Angle	75.0±5.0	80.36 ↑
AFH(mm)	64.0±0.0	61.89 ↓
PFH(mm)	47.0±0.0	44.75 ↓
PFH/AFH(%)	70.0±5.0	72.3

Treatment experience

The patient was treated with the Angel Aligner Pro, with a primary treatment of 20 aligners and a refinement of 10 aligners. Each treatment phase consisted of using a flexible aligner for 7 days and a more rigid aligner for 3 days, making each phase last 10 days. The total treatment time was one year and one month. The follow-up protocol involved seeing the patient in the clinic every two months. Interproximal reduction (IPR) was performed in the anterior segment of both arches to compensate for the Bolton discrepancy. The elastics used were 3/16" in length with a force of 4.5 Oz. Since the virtual jump was asymmetric, the patient wore the elastics for 24 hours on the right side and 12 hours on the left side. What is remarkable about this case is the speed with which it was resolved, with a total of 30 aligners between the primary treatment and the refinement, as well as the precise control of rotation, tipping, and root torque of all four canines, especially tooth 13. Additionally, despite following a distalization protocol, the combination with the bite jump in a growing patient allowed for the correction of crowding and the expected mandibular projection, significantly improving the patient's facial profile. The superimposition of the cephalometric radiographs allowed for the observation of proper development in all three spatial planes.



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